October 26, 1769. NUMB. 2131.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,
Pleaſe inſert the following in your next GAZETTE.

To the FREEHOLDERS *and* INHABITANTS *of* LANCASTER *County.*

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING, for a Number of Years, lived among you, and received many Teſtimonies of your Eſteem and Regard, it gave me great Concern, that an Attempt was lately made, to induce you to conſider me, as deſigning to injure you in the Houſe of Aſſembly, where I have the Honour to repreſent you. I pity the Man, who, regardleſs of Truth, wrote and propagated Reports injurious to me, and, out of Compaſſion for him, will not publiſh his Name; but, for your Satisfaction, have inſerted the following Certificate. I am,

GENTLEMEN,
Your ſincere Friend and Well-wiſher,
GEO. ROSS.

Philadelphia, October 16, 1769.

WHEREAS we, the Subſcribers, Members of the late and preſent Aſſembly of Pennſylvania, have received Information, that ſome Perſon or Perſons, wickedly deſigning and intending to hurt and injure the Reputation and Character of George Roſs, Eſq; one of the Members of Aſſembly for Lancaſter County, by ſaying and publiſhing to many of the Inhabitants of that County, that he, the ſaid George Roſs, had, in the late Aſſembly, laſt Month, approved of having a Tax laid on all Stills in the ſaid County of Lancaſter, and had there declared, that Two Thouſand Pounds could annually be raiſed by Exciſe in the Town of Lancaſter, and ſix Miles around it. The ſaid George Roſs, for his Vindication in this Particular, hath requeſted us to certify our Knowledge of this Matter. In Juſtice, therefore, to the Character of the ſaid George Roſs, we, the Members of Aſſembly aforeſaid, do certify and declare to all Perſons whomſoever, that the Report aforeſaid, and every Part thereof, is falſe, and without the leaſt Foundation in Truth. And we do further declare, that no Motion, to that Effect or Purpoſe, was ever made by the ſaid George Roſs, or any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever in Aſſembly, or in any other Place, in our Hearing, or to our Knowledge or Belief.

Joſeph Fox,	*William Rodman,*	*Charles Humphreys,*
Joſeph Galloway,	*Joſeph Watſon,*	*Iſaac Pearſon,*
Rowland Evans,	*Henry Krewſen,*	*John Sellers,*
Thomas Liveſey,	*John Brown,*	*John Jacobs, jun.*
Henry Pawling,	*Giles Knight,*	*John Croſby,*
Samuel Potts,	*Peter Shepherd,*	*James Pemberton,*
Emanuel Carpenter,	*Benjamin Chapman,*	*John Roſs.*
Michael Hillegas,	*George Aſhbridge,*	

To his Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; Governor in Chief, the Honourable his Majeſty's Council, and the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Colony of New-Jerſey, in General Aſſembly to ſit at Burlington, the 10th of October, 1769.

The Petition of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the County of Middleſex.

YOUR Petitioners are deeply affected with a Senſe of the deplorable State of this County and Province in general, ariſing, as we apprehend, partly from the exceſſive Scarcity of Money, and Decay of Trade; but chiefly from the Multiplicity of Law Suits, moſtly for Debt, which like an overflowing Stream have deluged the Land, and ruined Hundreds of Families, formerly in eaſy Circumſtances, and ſwept away their Livings and Eſtates; and yet threatens Deſtruction and Deſolation to many more in every Part of the Province.------Government and Law, your Petitioners know, are abſolutely neceſſary to our Exiſtence, as a Society, yet we apprehend the Welfare and Proſperity of the Common-wealth, and of Individuals, depend upon the eaſy Diſtribution of Juſtice, agreeable to Law; and this again depends much, if not altogether upon the Capacities, Honour, Integrity, and Love of Juſtice in Lawyers.---But were all Attorneys or Practitioners of Law, poſſeſſed of thoſe amiable Virtues, as ſome indeed are, that will not be concerned in Matters without Cauſe, or bring Actions, but with great Caution, and not with Greedineſs, we ſhould hardly hear of ſo many lamentable Complaints of Actions, brought both with, and without Foundation, attended with extraordinary and amazing Coſt, often amounting to double, and ſometimes more than treble the Debt.---Neither ſhould we behold with Concern in Cauſes at iſſue, ſuch Procraſtinations of Trials for two or three Years, and upwards, in which perhaps the Attornies on both Sides have not diſagreed.

Your Petitioners beg Leave further to obſerve, that before the late Act of 7 Geo. III. it is notorious Certioraries were become extremely numerous, tending to the Obſtruction of Juſtice in ſmall Cauſes at Iſſue before Juſtices of the Peace, by which Means many have ſuffered, and even loſt their juſt Demands: Since that Reſtraint, Lawyers have found out another Expedient, and that is, to bring Writs of Replevin to reſtore Goods and Chattels to Defendants, that were taken in Execution on Juſtice's Warrants legally iſſued.

Your Petitioners doubt not but thoſe Writs are Writs of Right, for Goods unlawfully detained, or arbitrarily diſtrained for Rent or otherwiſe. But with Submiſſion we conceive not for Goods under Execution on Judgments formally and lawfully obtained, which in our Apprehenſion looks more like perverting of Juſtice, than to advance or maintain it;----what can this therefore proceed from? We ſuppoſe not from Ignorance, but from merely mercenary Motives, to raiſe Bills of Coſt at any Rate, no Matter how.

For Remedy againſt thoſe Evils, and to redreſs the heavy Grievances complained of, your Petitioners with great Humility and Reſpect would propoſe, that a Reform ſhould be made in the Practitioners Fees, leſſened if poſſible, or at leaſt better aſcertained; for by the Act, as it now ſtands, the Gentlemen of the Law have too great Liberty to ſwell their Bills, which, if exorbitant, cannot eaſily be detected; but if that cannot be done, as that Law is circumſtanced, that upon Preſentation of Bills of coſt for Taxation, they ſhould make Oath to this Purpoſe, that the Charges in ſuch Bill were for Services actually done, and alſo neceſſary to be done in the Cauſe.---

That the much beneficial and ſalutary Law for Trial of ſmall Cauſes by Juſtices of the Peace, for and under Six Pounds, may be enlarged to Fifteen Pounds.----That the Attornies be reſtrained from bringing Writs not warranted by Law, or grievous to the Subject.---That if poſſible an Emiſſion of Paper Currency may be made to be lett out upon loan, on Land Security.---That the County of Middleſex may be eaſed of its heavy Load of Taxes.---That a Reviſion may be made of former Laws, ſome of which are inutile, others not clear and intelligible to anſwer their Deſign.

The ſeveral Matters above mentioned your Petitioners humbly conceive juſtly merit the Legiſlative Attention, and calls for ſpeedy Redreſs, which that it may be granted, we, as in Duty bound, ſhall ever pray, &c.

To JOHN WETHERILL, *and* RUNE RUNYAN, *Eſquires, Repreſentatives in* GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *for the County of Middleſex.*

WE your Conſtituents, the Freeholders of Middleſex County, think it our indiſpenſable Duty at this Time, and claim it as our indubitable Right, to inſtruct you as our Repreſentatives in the General Aſſembly, to ſit at Burlington the 10th of October 1769.

1. That you exert yourſelves, by all Means in your Power, to cultivate and ſtrengthen that Harmony and Union at preſent happily ſubſiſting with the neighbouring Colonies, in ſupporting and maintaining our invaluable conſtitutional Rights and Privileges tranſmitted to us, againſt all Invaſions.

2. That you uſe your utmoſt Endeavours to have all Grievances redreſſed, both in the County, and Province in general.

3. That you endeavour after better Security, as well as Oeconomy, and an equal Diſtribution of the public Money.

4. That you exert all your Power and Influence, as much as poſſible, to leſſen the Number of Law-ſuits, eſpecially in Actions for Debt, lowering the exceſſive charges upon ſuch Actions, and limiting and fixing the ſame to a certain Sum, which it ſhould not exceed. But if this cannot be done, then to endeavour for a Law, to ſwear every Attorney to the Truth of, and the Neceſſity of the Charges in his Bill.

5. That you uſe your utmoſt Endeavours to get the beneficial and ſalutary Law for the Trial of ſmall Cauſes, by Juſtices of the Peace, enlarged from Six to Fifteen Pounds at leaſt.

6. That you uſe your Intereſt and Influence to obtain a Law to ſuppreſs all illegal and groundleſs Writs of Replevin, or otherwiſe to vex and obſtruct the Courſe of Proceedings eſtabliſhed by Law, on Trials by ſingle Magiſtrates.

7. That you endeavour after getting all former Laws reviſed, that thoſe which are uſeleſs or hurtful may be laid aſide, and that other neceſſary Laws may be made clear, diſtinct and intelligible to the meaneſt Capacity, in which conſiſts their Beauty and Excellence.

8. That you uſe your Power and Intereſt to get an Emiſſion of Paper Currency, to be lett out on Land Security.

9. That you exert your utmoſt abilities and Influence, to obtain a Mitigation of the unreaſonable Burdens upon this County, on Account of the repeated heavy Taxes, and perpetual annual Expence it labours under, which at preſent lies very unequal.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-Office, Philadelphia.

CApt. John Aitkin, Hugh Agiltan, George Atkinſon, Thomas Alea, Joſeph Alexander, Joſeph Adair, Philadelphia; James Alliſon, Forks of Delaware; James Alexander, Norrington; James Alexander, Buckingham, Bucks County.

B. James Black, Henry Ballington, John Barret, James Beaty, Thomas Boude, William Bleckley (3) Elizabeth Bell, alias Hampton, Samuel Bones, Peter Berney, William Brown, William Bennett, Henry Butler, George Bell, Francis Barrow, Peter Becket, Philadelphia; John Brown, Buckingham, Bucks County; Jos. Brown, Huntingdon County, Weſt Jerſey; Richard Brown, Salem, N. Jerſey.

C. Robert Cuffey, James Clinton, Elizabeth Cox, Johanna Carter, Barbary Coyle, Francis Cains, Thomas Callender, Charles Carthy, Joſeph Candee, Nancy Cockran, George Carmick, Dr. Lewis Colin, Dominick Carman, Dr. William Cathcart, Bridget Cavanaugh, William Carnahan, Randal Curle, Nicholas Cox, Samuel Cummins, William Curtice, Robert Coleman (2) Eleanor Craig, Thomas Coates, Daniel Coghling, Robert Craig, Heſter Chriſtie, John Clark, Philadelphia; Hugh Creighton, Haddonfield; John Campbell, Kingſeſſing; Thomas Church, Providence; James Camron, Southampton, Bucks County; Aaron Cottle, Cheſter County.

D. John Dunlap, Mary Donovan, John Dinnee, James Douglas, Ephraim Doane, Valentine Dalton, Benjamin Duncan, James Downey, Thomas Dunn, Henry Dennis, John Davis, Major Dehaas, Bryan Docherty, Capt. Dobon, Thomas Dickſon, Matthew Donovan, John Dunn, Philadelphia; -------- Daſon, Oxford; John Danagh, Abington; Archibald Dick, Bucks County.

E. John Enthers, Rev. Morgan Edwards, Oſwald Eve, David Elliſon, Sidney Evans, Thomas Erwin, John Erwin, Philadelphia; Martin Evans, Duck Creek; William Evans, Marſh Creek; Rowland Evans, N. Providence; Jos. Ellicott, Bucks County.

F. Robert Ferguſon, Henry Fulton, Mr. Fraſier, Anne Ford, John Ferguſon, John Flimin, Patrick Fahy, Mrs. Forret, Philadelphia.

G. Jos. Gellaſpy, Peter Gallaghar, John Gruſh, John Galbreath, John Gill, Suſanna Graves, Anthony Gulle, Charles Good, Philadelphia; William Goſley, John Glaſgow, Kenſington; William Gray, John Gray, David Gray, Middle Octorara.

H. Charles Hewet, Mary Henry; Margaret Hunter, James Hughes, William Holaday, James Henderſon, Capt. Thomas Hutchins, John Hackin, Arthur Hurry, John Hamilton, James Hall, John Hardcaſtle, Capt. John Hickling, Sampſon Harvey, Thomas Haynes, Capt. Peter Hunter, Hartford and Powell, Francis Hayes, George Harris, Marmaduke Hanlon, John Hogan, John Haynes, John Hooke, Philadelphia; John Hatton (2) Nicholas Hienſton, Forks of Delaware; Roger Hammel, Union Furnace; John Hannah, Norrington; Jane Hartley, Salem; Ebenezer Hopkins, Haddonfield; Matthew Hines, Montgomery; Michael Hill, Northampton, Bucks County; William Huet, Oxford; Thomas Halfpenny, Germantown (2) Jane Hutchinſon, Bucks County.

I. Thomas Jackſon, Mrs. Johnſton, Nicholas James, Mr. Jackſon, Stephen Jones, Mr. Ireland, Philadelphia; John Irwin, Horſham; David Jones, Carnarvan, Berks County.

K. John King, Iſaac Knight, Robert Kennedy, Philadelphia; Johannes Kock, Germantown; William Killens, Eſq; Dover.

L. John Lard, John Lennox, Mr. London, Ann Loverbe, William Lange, Michael Lennard, Thomas Long, Soldier, Jere. Langan, Thomas Luſk, Thomas Lewellen, Philadelphia; Robert Lilley, Philadelphia County; Lewis Lloyd, Abington (4) Mrs. Laremar, Kenſington; Francis Lalley, Providence; Chriſtian Lehman, Germantown; James Lowry, Hoſpital; James Lackey, Salem,

M. Rebecca M'Quon, John Maxfield, James M'Caig, Andrew M'Keane, James M'Crakin, Hugh M'Ilhagney, Captain Hugh M'Phillimy (2) Aaron Merſhon, R. Morton, John Meldrum, Philip M'Glaughlin, William Motley, Jane M'Bride, Charles Mays, Hugh Menealy, Henry M'Gee, Alexander Mackey, George M'Afee, Patrick M'Gill, Donald M'Vaughtan, Henry M'Quead, James Meaſe, Philadelphia; Paul Martin, Hugh M'Fall, Jonathan Meridith, Thomas Meridith, William Meridith (2) Bucks County; John Mills, William M'Kee, Cheſter County; John Morrow, Arthur Molholland (2) Jerſey; James Moore, London Townſhip; Ann M'Namee, Narthampton County; George Maxton, Yellow Springs; John Murphey, Haddonfield.

N. Peter Norie, Hugh Newell, Thomas Noyes, Philadelphia; William Nelſon, Bucks County; James Nelſon, Moreland.

O. William O'Brian, Mr. Otterbern, Timothy O'Brian, Philadelphia; Joel O'Brian, Cheſter County; Mr. Okely, Bethleham; Iſaac Oakford, Glaſs-houſe.

P. William Purviance (3) William Patton, Alexander Pratt, Soldier, Richard Porter, Martin Perei (2) John Pearſe, David Potts, Weldon Parſons (3) Robert Pecking, Timothy Parker, Philadelphia; Samuel Philips, Robert Pegnom, Bucks County.

Q. Hugh Quin, Philadelphia; Mary Quanton, Warwick, Bucks County.

R. John Reynolds, George Ruſſell, Margaret Rowan, Emanuel Romalho, James Ramage, James Rogers, Philadelphia; William Roſs Neſhaminy; George Reay, N. Providence; Daniel Richardſon, Abington; William Rodman, Benſalem; William Reely, Sweetarra Creek; Benjamin Reily, Suſſex on Delaware.

S. Robert Scott, Mr. Sheilds, Rachel Sutton, Thomas Savage (2) Thomas Sparrow, Leonard Snowden, Mr. Snyder, John Spencer, Robert Starret, John Smith, John Spence, Jenny Stewart, John Simpſon, Philip Smith, John Stockwell, John Spring, Philadelphia; Thomas Shewel, Plumſtead, Bucks County (3) John Shannon, 18 Miles from Philadelphia; Andrew Sproull, Durham (2) William Scott, Neſhaminy; Thomas Stalford, Great Swamp; Henry Sheets, near Philadelphia; Thomas Skelman, Frankford; John Scott, Brandywine; Joſeph Sinclair, Quaker Town; Joſeph Shippen, Germantown.

T. Samuel Truſtlove (3) Alexander Thompſon, Mrs. Tempeler, Richard Taylor, Bartholomew Toole, Philadelphia; Moſes Thompſon, Antrim; Joſeph Warner, Upper Fallowfield, Cheſter County; Benjamin Tanner, Hopewell, N. Jerſey; John Throp, Burlington County; David Thomas, Bucks County; William Tate, Glouceſter Point; James Taylor, Northern Liberties; John Tate, St. George's; John Thompſon, Bucks County.

W. Margaret Ward, John Wallis, Capt. Benjamin White, Matthew Whitehead, Mary Williams, William Whitear, Anne Wiſe, Capt. Samuel Williams, Lumley Woodyear, James Ward, Sarah Webſter, Mr. Walker, Jenny Wharton, Sammy Wharton, John Winters, Capt. Gurney Wall, Philadelphia; James Wilſon, Reading; John Wilſon, Bucks County; John Wright, Philadelphia County.

Y. William Yeardſley, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, October 18, 1769.

ADAMS and MARSH, SHOPKEEPERS, on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, 3 Doors below Second-ſtreet,

BEING under a Neceſſity of leaving off Buſineſs in a ſhort Time, are now ſelling their Aſſortment of GOODS at prime Coſt. ¶

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM COPPOCK, Shallopman, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment, to prevent trouble; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, proved, in order to be ſettled by

JOHN HYDE, or
ELIZABETH COPPOCK, } Adminiſtrat.

To be ſold, by ſaid ELIZABETH COPPOCK, a ſervant lad's time, who has upwards of two years to ſerve, has been uſed to ſhalloping, and ſold for no fault, but want of employ. ‡

JOHN REEDLE, TAYLOR,
At the Taylor's Arms, in Arch-ſtreet,

HAS for SALE, either for ready money or credit, or will exchange with any perſon, for ſuch articles as he can make uſe of, and have at a reaſonable price, A CLOTHES PRESS, and half a dozen of walnut CHAIRS; the preſs is ſo contrived, that it may be removed without much difficulty, is neceſſary in a family, but eſpecially to a hatter or baker.---As well the preſs as chairs, were made by a joiner, well known to a certain German congregation in this city.---If Mr. Reedle ſhould have the good luck to diſpoſe of them, on either of the foregoing terms, it will afford him a great pleaſure, and ſave him the trouble of ſending them to vendue. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,
On Saturday, the 28th day of October inſtant, at the London Coffee-Houſe,

A CERTAIN lot of ground, with three brick tenements thereon, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia, and nearly oppoſite the late dwelling-houſe of Philip Hulbeart, deceaſed, in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet 36 feet, and extending in length one half the diſtance between Second and Front-ſtreets; bounded northward with ground now or late of Captain Edgar, eaſtward with ground of Andrew Diz, ſouthward with ground late of William Finlow, and weſtward with Second-ſtreet; ſubject to a groundrent of £ 3:12:0 currency per annum. The above premiſes being late the eſtate of Mary Moore, deceaſed. The conditions of ſale to be made known, at the time and place above mentioned. §

WANTED,

A SINGLE WOMAN, of a good Character, who is a compleat Bonnet-maker, &c. and will engage to work conſtantly at that Buſineſs, and aſſiſt in a Shop. Such a One, may hear of a good Place, and large Encouragement, by applying to the PRINTERS. †

Philadelphia, October 16, 1769.

THE Adventurers in the PHILADELPHIA and WORCESTER LOTTERY will be pleaſed to obſerve, that the 21ſt of November next, will be the laſt Day for renewing Tickets in the Third and Laſt Claſs of that Lottery, according to Act of Aſſembly.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By Captain HATHORN, from Briſtol, Captain SPARKS, from London, and Captain SMITH, from Rotterdam, we have the following Advices.

WARSAW, July 29.

SEVERAL letters from Podolia confirm the total defeat of the Turks under the Seraſkier; the trenches before Choczim were opened by the Ruſſians the day after the victory. The diſturbances in the Ottoman army encreaſe every day. A great miſunderſtanding ſubſiſts between the Grand Vizir and his principal officers; his troops are filing off towards Bender. The Janiſſaries have mutinied, and murdered one of their Pachas.

Vienna, July 26. This morning, at nine o' clock, the Emperor arrived at the Caſtle of Sconbrun, in perfect health, from the tour which he has made through the different States of Italy.

Mantua, July 29. The celebrated Paoli is now here, and lives in a very elegant manner. He ſets out in a few days for Vienna, being, it is ſaid, to have a command in the Emperor's ſervice.

Toulon, July 18. A Courier is juſt arrived here from Paris, with orders to the Intendant of the Marine to ſend a number of veſſels to Corſica, in order to bring back twenty-two battalions of the King's troops.

Conſtantinople, July 3. It was reported ſome time ago, that the Grand Signor had ordered the Grand Vizir to enter Poland, at the head of the Ottoman army. This was at firſt looked on as ill-grounded, but is ſince found to be conſiſtent with a manifeſto which the Porte has communicated to all the Foreign Miniſters reſiding here, and by which the Grand Signor declares war againſt the King of Poland. Nevertheleſs, according to the laſt advices from Moldavia, the Grand Vizir, inſtead of marching into that kingdom himſelf, has ſent thither an army under the command of Mehemet Pacha, Berglerbey of Romelia. It is pretended that Count Potocki, one of the Chiefs of the Confederates of Bar, has engaged, in conſideration of 25,000 piaſtres, to deliver up to him the ſtrong fortreſs of Kaminiec.

According to letters from the Ottoman army, the Grand Viſir lay encamped, on the 22d of June laſt, at Ganteppe, between Cartal and Bender, from whence he has ſent out ſeveral detachments to reconnoitre the enemy. It is aſſured, that the brother to the Hoſpodar of Waſlachia, is gone over with ſome thouſands of his men to the Ruſſians; and that the Hoſpodar himſelf, named Callimaquid, has been arreſted by order of the Grand Viſir, on ſuſpicion of having been aiding to the Ruſſians in the affair of Choczim, and that he is at preſent on the road, in order to be removed hither. This appears the more probable, as the Grand Signor has ordered that Prince's Hotel in this capital to be ſhut up, and has appointed for his ſucceſſor Prince Conſtantine Mavrocordato, who has already poſſeſſed twice the office of Hoſpodar.

From the Frontiers of Poland, July 28. Letters from Kaminiec, of the 18th inſtant adviſe, that the great Ruſſian army is in full march to give battle to the Grand Vizir; ſo that we may ſoon expect great news.

Warſaw, July 29. The melancholy ſituation to which this kingdom is reduced is ſtill the ſame. The confederates continue to commit all kinds of exceſſes, the conſequences of which will long be felt by the provinces where they are, or have been. According to advices from Lithuania, their number is much diminiſhed in that Grand Duchy, ſince the corps of the Sieur Bierzynſki was defeated by Col. Gallitzin. This Bierzynſki is the perſon who carried off ſome hundreds of the troops in the pay of Prince Radzivil. He is actually on the march towards Little Poland.

By the laſt letters from Conſtantinople we learn, that the Grand Signor has publiſhed and diſtributed to the Foreign Miniſters there a manifeſto, by which he declares war againſt all the Polanders, who favour the views and undertakings of Ruſſia.

Rome, July 26. The harveſt this year is very plentiful, and corn bears a very moderate price. We have likewiſe reaſon to hope that the vintage will prove fine.

Warſaw, Auguſt 2. No ſuccours can be ſent from the grand Turkiſh army to Choczim, as Prince Gallitzin's army, and that of General Romanzow, are poſted on each ſide of the Neiſter, in ſuch a manner, that every reinforcement, deſtined by the Turks for the garriſon of that fortreſs, muſt paſs between the two Ruſſian corps.

Conſtantinople, July 6. The Pacha, who commanded a detachment of our troops ſtationed near Oczakow, has ſent a confirmation of his having gained a victory over a party of the Ruſſians, which he encountered, and cut to pieces. The Tartars in thoſe parts, after having defeated a large body of the enemy, purſued them even to the gates of Fort Genikala, which they took, after three aſſaults, ſword in hand, and gave no quarter to the garriſon. Great numbers of ſlaves are daily expected here, which the Tartars have ſent from Oczakow.

Peterſburgh, July 29. According to advices from Gen. Romanzow's army, whoſe camp is at Sambour, in the Deſarts, near the Bog, his advanced corps has deſtroyed a ſmall Turkiſh fleet, compoſed of 20 ſhips, laden with artillery, four of which were ſunk with 200 men, and the others diſperſed.

The trophies taken by the Ruſſians, in the late action of the 13th, in Moldavia, are ſeven pair of colours, a ſtaff of command gilt, one pair of kettle drums, and four drum caſes.

Warſaw, Auguſt 5. We learn from Choczim, that the artillery of the beſieged there is ſo badly ſerved, that it annoyed the Ruſſians very little; nevertheleſs that Prince Repnin, for fear of being obliged to raiſe the ſiege of the place through want of proviſions, had declared in a council of war, in oppoſition to all the other general officers, for an aſſault. The ſame advices add, that upwards of 30000 Greeks waited only an opportunity of joining the Ruſſians; that a number of them from Tartary, had effected their Junction; and that the news of the Seraſkier's defeat had ſpread conſternation into the Grand Viſir's army.

Conſtantinople, July 17. On Monday, the 10th inſtant, a fire broke out in this city, which raged with great fury for 12 hours. It burnt for near a mile in length, and as it happened near the Hippodrome, St. Sophia, and the Porte, it conſumed a great number of the principal palaces, ſome ſmall moſques, and near 600 houſes. The Grand Signor was preſent the whole time, and moſtly on horſe-back, giving away large ſums of money.

Naples, Auguſt 1. The harveſt has been very plentiful this year in every part of his Sicilian Majeſty's dominions.

Paris, Auguſt 18. A veſſel, which arrived at Havre a few days ago from St Domingo, in the dead of night landed ſeveral paſſengers, who were received by exempts, that were waiting in poſt-chaiſes to receive them with ſome detachment of the Marechauſſe; the next day the veſſel diſappeared, and no perſon was to be found that came from on board her. This myſtery, joined to the ſilence of adminiſtration on the event, makes it conjectured, that the priſoners were ſome ſeditious people from St. Domingo, whom the Governor had thought proper to ſecure in that manner; and ſome politicians carry their ſuſpicions ſo far, as to imagine they formed the entire council of the Cape.

From the Frontiers of Podolia, July 20. According to ſeveral advices received from the neighbourhood of Kaminiec, the late expedition of the Ruſſians, on the other ſide the Neiſter, has not been attended with better ſucceſs than their former one. We learn, in general, that the Ruſſians paſſed that river the 13th, the paſſage of which was but weakly oppoſed by the Turks; that the Turkiſh infantry were encamped in their intrenchments about Choczim, which the Ruſſians attacked, but that the cannon from the ramparts, and from the Turkiſh Foot, had killed a vaſt number of the Aſſailants, which had made them at length retire; that the Turkiſh horſe, which were poſted in a neighbouring wood, had greatly harraſſed the Ruſſians; that ſeveral reinforcements had joined the Grand Vizir, after ſkirmiſhing with different bodies of Prince Gallitzin's army, in which vaſt numbers fell on both ſides; but that the Ruſſian General had at length been obliged to repaſs the Neiſter the 17th inſtant, whoſe advanced guard, under the command of Prince Proſorowſki, was encamped at two leagues diſtance from Kaminiec.

Other advices inform us, that an army of 25,000 Turks had paſſed the Neiſter, having at their head the Counts Potocki, and Krafinſki. Theſe two chiefs of the confederates of Bar publiſhed, on their entry into Poland, a manifeſto, promiſing ſecurity to all proprietors of lands, &c. and to the inhabitants of towns, who ſhall not oppoſe their march, but furniſh them with proviſions, &c. We learn farther, that the grand Turkiſh Army is on its march towards our frontiers; and that which has entered Poland, is commanded by a Seraſkier, which is conſiderably augmented.

LONDON, *Auguſt 12.*

An anecdote has lately been handed about, that S. V---hn, Eſq; who for ſome time paſt has appeared as a very warm patriot, has written a letter to the D. of G. offering the ſum of 5000l. for the reverſion of the office of clerk of the crown in Jamaica for his ſon, being a patent place, and the preſent poſſeſſor very much advanced in years, who is the only ſurvivor of three, to whom the patent was originally granted.

The friends of Mr. V---hn affect to excuſe him, by giving out that theſe places are uſually diſpoſed of by thoſe in power for valuable conſiderations, which are looked on in the light of perquiſites of office. But on the other hand it is obſerved, that if the gentleman had not been conſcious of the criminality of the meaſure, he would not have taken the oath of ſecrecy before the Lord Mayor, which it is ſaid he did.

The ſaid Mr. V---hn, we are told, in a Viſit he made to a certain patriot in St. George's-Fields, took notice, that he had committed a groſs blunder, in not keeping a copy of the letter; to which the other replied, that in his opinion the greateſt miſtake was his not keeping the *original*.

It is ſaid that the friends of the M------ of R--------m, and thoſe of the E--l of C-----m, will have a meeting before the opening of the next ſeſſion, in order to conſider of a proper plan for adopting ſuch meaſures as will preſerve the conſtitutional rights of the people.

Auguſt 15.

It is ſaid that L--- H--------- is indefatigable in preparing his accounts, in order to have them as forward as poſſible by the meeting of the next ſeſſion, if they ſhould then be called for.

The Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD hath taken his paſſage in the Friendſhip, Captain Ball, bound to Charles-Town, South-Carolina, which will ſail ſome time this month.

A letter from Paris, dated Auguſt 7, mentions, that the Seraſkier, three days after the affair with the Ruſſians, on the 13th, having been joined by a large body of Janiſſaries from the Grand Viſir's army, under Pacha Amurath, a popular leader among the Turks, fell upon the Imperial army, and, after an obſtinate reſiſtance, put their van-guard to the route, and drove great numbers of them into the Neiſter, which they repaſſed with the utmoſt precipitation. The Ruſſian General, Prince Proſorowſki, is ſaid to have been dangerouſly wounded in the above action.

The miniſtry have come to a reſolution, to appoint no provincial Governors merely for the political intereſt of themſelves, or friends; having, by late experience, found how neceſſary it is, for the ſervice of the nation, not to be ſwayed by any thing but perſonal merit in ſuch high appointments.

On Friday, a turtle of a very conſiderable weight, drawn by ſix horſes, and a puncheon of rum, were ſent as a preſent to his Grace the Duke of Grafton, from Sir Francis Bernard, in America.

Auguſt 17.

They write from New-York, that workmen and manufacturers of every kind are continually arriving there, and at Philadelphia, from England; ſo that in a few years they ſhall be able to ſupply every neceſſary among themſelves.

It is reported at the weſt end of the town, that the noble Duke who has lately refuſed to provide for the ſon of a *great patriot* in Jamaica, has declared, it is not unlikely but he may deſire to be ſent further ſhortly, to ſome other of the colonies for his own life.

It is now ſaid that the friends of a noble Lord will be the firſt that will move in a great aſſembly for his accounts to be laid before them, ſo confident are they of the rectitude of his proceedings.

It is reported at the weſt end of the town, that the following great perſons are to compoſe a new miniſtry. Firſt Lord of the Treaſury, Duke of Bedford. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Jer. Dyſon, Eſq. Lord Chancellor, Lord Mansfield. Secretaries of ſtate, the Earls of Sandwich and Gower. Preſident of the Council, the Duke of Grafton. Lord Privy Seal, the Duke of Marlborough. Lord Chief Juſtice, Sir Fletcher Norton.

It is talked that Lord George Sackville will ſoon be appointed paymaſter of the forces.

Auguſt 19.

It is aſſerted, that the Right Honourable Defaulter declared, at his own table, within theſe few days, to ſeveral gentlemen, that he was ſo far from being ſorry at the public arraignment of his honour and integrity, that he ſhould hold it as the happieſt incident of his life; being no ways doubtful but that he ſhould clear himſelf from the imputation in a manner that would place him beyond the malice of his enemies; and place him where they would leaſt of all wiſh him to be; namely, in the good opinion and confidence of the people.

They write from Dantzic, that the Tartars have made a ſudden incurſion into the Ukraine, deſolated all the country, and maſſacred and carried ſeveral thouſand of the inhabitants into ſlavery.

Letters arrived yeſterday from the Continent declare, the Ruſſians have taken Choczim, in which they found a conſiderable booty. The Grand Vizir's army had halted between Jaſſy and Bender, to wait for the Aſiatic reinforcements; but as Prince Gallitzin was in full march towards him, it was ſuppoſed a deciſive battle would be fought before they could join him.

They write from Paris, that the epidemical ſickneſs among the French ſoldiers at Corſica encreaſes daily, and carries off vaſt numbers, which has occaſioned the Court to ſend for moſt of the regiments employed in the conqueſt of that iſland, back to France.

The ſhort ſtay the Emperor made at Venice, which was ſcarcely 24 hours, and at which place it was expected his Imperial Majeſty would have ſojourned at leaſt a whole week, has alarmed all the Cabinets in Europe.

Letters from Vienna, dated Auguſt 2, ſay, "The interview between the Emperor and the King of Pruſſia gains more credit every day. The letters from Sileſia and Berlin particularly mention, that the Emperor will ſpend a few days at the camp, which is to be formed near Colin, in Bohemia, conſiſting of 8 regiments of infantry, under the command of General Laudohn; and go from thence to Neiſs, to meet the King of Pruſſia. It is aſſured that his Imperial Majeſty has deſired to ſee the exerciſe of the Pruſſian cavalry, and requeſted of the King of Pruſſia to bring with him General Seidlitz, whom he particularly wiſhes to converſe with."

We are told by letters from Berlin, that it is preſumed the intended interview between the Emperor of Germany, and the King of Pruſſia, has principally for object the concerting efficacious meaſures for putting an end to the troubles of Poland; wherein both thoſe Monarchs are eſſentially intereſted, from the vicinity of part of their reſpective dominions.

Letters directly from Conſtantinople aſſure, that the Ottoman Porte has declared war againſt the King of Poland.

The ſame letters ſay, that Aley Bey had ſo happily conducted the war againſt the Bey of Upper-Egypt, that he had obliged him to defray the whole expence of it, and to cede to him a large extent of country well peopled.

Auguſt 21.

Extract of a letter from the Devizes, Auguſt 17.

"Yeſterday was held here a numerous meeting of the Freeholders of the county of Wilts. About 12 o'clock, William Talk, Eſq; Sheriff for the county, took the chair, and acquainted the gentlemen, that the preſent meeting was in conſequence of an advertiſement publiſhed at the unanimous requeſt of the Grand Jury at Saliſbury, and if any gentlemen preſent had any thing to offer, they were at liberty ſo to do. In conſequence of which Mr. Talbot informed the gentlemen, that he had drawn up the heads of a petition, and if they would give him leave, he would read the ſame for their approbation, which he did, the purport of wh ch was, "That they concurred in the grievances ſet forth in other petitions already preſented to the throne, and in which they hoped to be redreſſed, particularly in the two following, viz. *The Right of Elections, in impoſing a Member on the County of Middleſex not duly elected*; and *the pardoning a Convict for Murder at a late Election, after being legally found guilty by a Jury of the Country.*"----The petition was agreed to, and ordered to be ingroſſed, and the ſame is to be ſent to the ſeveral market-towns in the county, to be ſigned by the Freeholders not preſent at this meeting; and when ſigned, it will be preſented by the High Sheriff, and the members for the county.---The ſpeakers on this occaſion were, Mr. Popham, Mr. Beckford, Mr. Talbot, Mr. Temple, Mr. Penruddick, Mr. Huſſey, Mr. Awdry, and the Hon. Mr. Fox."

It is publicly rumoured, that a noble Duke now in Northamptonſhire, ſtrongly enforced at a late meeting, held in town, the expediency of Col. Luttrell's accepting a place to vacate his ſeat in parliament, and Mr. Wilkes, at the expiration of his confinement, to be admitted to take his ſeat for Middleſex, it being the only means to appeaſe the minds of the people, and to cauſe the preſent mode of petitioning entirely to ſubſide. He recommended other ſalutary meaſures, very likely to reſtore peace and good order in the people, and unanimity among the Great.

A letter from Leghorn mentions, that it is thought the malecontents of Corſica only wait for the re-embarkation of the French troops, on their return home, to break out into open hoſtilities.

They write from Gibraltar, that two Salletine zebecks, mounting 20 guns each, are now cruizing between the Streights mouth and Cape Rouge, on the African coaſt, and had taken ſeveral Portugueſe prizes.

Auguſt 24. This day the following gentlemen waited on his Majeſty at St. James's, with the petition from the freeholders of the county of Surrey: The Hon. Peter King, Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. Sir Joſ. Mawbey, Bart. Joſeph Martin, Eſq; An. Chapman, Eſq; Joſeph Clarke, Eſq; Sir Anthony Abdy, Bart. met the above gentlemen, previous to their going to court, at the Thatched Houſe tavern; but being greatly indiſpoſed with the gout, could not attend them to the Palace.

On the King's return from the Drawing-room, Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. the worthy repreſentative of the county, preſented the petition to his Majeſty, which was moſt graciouſly received, and is as follows.

To the KING's moſt excellent Majeſty,

The humble perition of the freeholders of the county of Surrey.

Moſt gracious Sovereign!

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the freeholders of the county of Surrey, from a grateful ſenſe of the ineſtimable bleſſings which this nation has enjoyed under the mild and equal government of your Majeſty, and your illuſtrious predeceſſors of the Houſe of Brunſwick, and from a ſteady attachment, zeal, and affection to your royal perſon, and family, think it our duty to join with our injured fellow-ſubjects, in humbly offering to your Majeſty our complaints of the meaſures adopted by pernicious counſellors, who, we apprehend, have countenanced and adviſed a violation of the firſt principle of the conſtitution.

The right of election in the people, which is the ſecurity of all their rights, is alſo the foundation of your Majeſty's; we cannot therefore forbear being alarmed, when we ſee that firſt principle violated in the late inſtance of the Middleſex election.

We have ſeen, royal Sire, with great concern, an application of the freeholders of the county of Middleſex, made by their humble petition to the Houſe of Commons, complaining of that meaſure, defeated; and it is with the utmoſt reluctance we now find ourſelves conſtrained to appeal to your ſacred perſon, from whoſe juſtice and goodneſs we can alone hope for redreſs.

We therefore moſt humbly implore your Majeſty, that you would be graciouſly pleaſed to give us ſuch relief as to your royal wiſdom ſhall ſeem meet, by an exertion of that prerogative which the conſtitution has ſo properly placed in your Majeſty's hands. And your Majeſty's petitioners ſhall ever pray, &c."

The petition was ſigned by 1494 freeholders, which number was deemed ſufficient, as ſeveral gentlemen, who were appointed to preſent it, were obliged, next week, to go into diſtant parts of the kingdom, and as they are certainly a great majority of the freeholders reſident in the county.

In ſeveral parts of the county the petition was never once offered, owing to the want of time for that purpoſe.

The general aſſembly of moſt of the great officers of ſtate, held yeſterday at St. James's, it is now ſaid, was to have a conference relative to the Surrey petition, which was preſented this day to his Majeſty at St. James' Palace.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, Auguſt 23.

"Yeſterday ſailed out of this harbour, the Frederick, Nicholſon, for Maryland. This morning arrived, and came into harbour, the ſhip Britannia, Hardie, from Carolina, being the ſhip that was on the rock, but is ſince got off without any damage."

Auguſt 26. We hear that the parliament will meet for diſpatch of buſineſs in November.

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, dated July 25, 1769.

"A report prevails here, that General Paoli is at Leghorn, with a conſiderable number of his followers, and that his brother Clement in Corſica, is in ſuch a ſituation, as to be likely to give the French much trouble, they not being able to get any water in that part of the iſland, where they are at preſent."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Auguſt 14.

"It is ſaid that the King doth not think another meeting of the Eaſt-India company neceſſary, and many people are of opinion, that the miniſtry will perſiſt in the reſolution of ſuſpending the excluſive privilege of that company. A report however prevails, that the States General of Holland have repreſented to the King, that good policy required that his Majeſty ſhould ſupport the company, as the only means to counterballance the great weight of England in the Eaſt-India trade, which would ſoon be totally engroſſed by the Engliſh, if private perſons attempted to carry it on upon their own bottoms."

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that ſince the enterprizing King of Morocco has taken the Portugueſe fortreſs at Mazagan, he has repaired the baſtions of that place, has encreaſed his army to near 80000 men, which obſerve the ſtricteſt diſcipline, in conſequence of the regulations introduced among his troops, ſeveral of whom are officers of conſiderable rank in his ſervice. The ſame letters add, that the above monarch daily employs ſeveral thouſand perſons in fitting for the ſea a numerous ſquadron of gallies, by which it is conjectured an undertaking is meditating by ſome French, Spaniſh, and Iriſh Renegadoes, againſt ſome of the powers who have ſettlements in the Mediterranean.

Auguſt 29.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Auguſt 22.

"*The French Ambaſſador at this Court has preſented a memorial to the following purport;* "*The underſigned has the honour to communicate to your High Mightineſſes, by order of the King his maſter, that in conſequence of the treaty concluded with the republic of Genoa, the 15th of May, 1768, by which that republic cedes to France the entire ſovereignty of Corſica, his Majeſty, after having driven out the late rebels to the ſaid republic, took poſſeſſion of that iſland, and united it to the other dominions of his crown, that all the ports thereof would, for the future, be under the ſame government as that of France, and under the ſame regulations in reſpect to trade with foreign powers, and that it is the King's orders, that that iſland ſhall contribute, as much as poſſible, to increaſe the union and mutual ſervice between France and Holland.*

"*After theſe aſſurances, his Majeſty flatters himſelf, that their High Mightineſſes, in caſe any ſhips ſhould, for the future, appear under Corſican colours, will look upon them as Pirates, and not ſuffer them to take refuge in the ports of their republic; the regard that ſovereigns owe to each other, not permitting them to grant to rebels an aſylum in their dominions, &c.*"

A letter from Paris, dated Auguſt 18, ſays, "*Notwithſtanding all the arguments for and againſt diſſolving the Eaſt-India company, it is ſaid, that an edict is in the preſs for ſuſpending their trade for a year, which ſeems to be a prelude to their total deſtruction.*"

Friday night there was a numerous and reſpectable meeting of the electors of Weſtminſter, at the Globe Tavern in the Strand, when the draft of a petition to his Majeſty was read, and unanimouſly approved of.

it is confined to the case of Middlesex; and the prayer is said to consist of a request, that his Majesty would be graciously pleased to dissolve this parliament, and call another as soon as possible. One of the company took notice of a resolution in the Commons Journals, Vol. 13. P. 767. Anno 1701. 14 Will. III. which is in these words: "Resolved, That it is "the UNDOUBTED RIGHT of the people of England to "petition or address the King, for the calling, sitting, or dissolving of "parliaments, and for the redressing of grievances."

And on Saturday the following was distributed as a hand-bill among the electors of Westminster.

"To the worthy independent electors of the city and liberty of Westminster.

"GENTLEMEN,

"YOU have been called on by public advertisements to meet in Westminster-Hall, on Tuesday next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering on a petition to his Majesty on the present alarming state of the constitution. Every method has been taken, and will be taken by mean suggestions, false representations, and unfair and undue influence, to render this meeting abortive. You are told that you will not be joined by the sober or sensible, that you will have no men of consequence among you, and that not one half of the electors of Westminster will sign such petition---BE NOT DECEIVED; it is by such insinuations the enemies to our King and country mean to effect their purpose, and to keep you at home, by persuading you that your neighbour will not attend---DISAPPOINT THEIR WICKED ENDEAVOURS---every honest man will be with you, and remember that the honest man is sober, sensible, and great. Attend this meeting, weigh well the business of it, and then obey the dictates of honour, conscience, and love of your country, her gracious King, laws, and liberties."

This day, at 11 o'clock, the electors of Westminster, to the number of about seven thousand, assembled in Westminster-hall, to petition his Majesty for a redress of grievances. At 12 o'clock Sir Robert Bernard, Bart. was called to the chair, which was placed on the steps of the Court of Common Pleas. Robert Jones, Esq; moved for the petition; he expatiated in a most sensible manner on the present important crisis, and then said, he had been chairman of the committee appointed to draw up the petition, and that in consequence of their directions he would present the same to Sir Robert Bernard, who would read it for their approbation. Accordingly Sir Robert read it, and it was received with unanimous applause. When the question was put, whether they approved of that petition, it was carried unanimously, and the electors began immediately to sign it.

Mr. Almon moved, that the same committee, who had drawn up the petition, might be appointed to wait on a number of gentlemen, requesting them to attend his Majesty with the said petition. This motion was likewise unanimously approved.

Mr. Martin then moved, that the thanks of the Hall be given to Sir Robert Bernard, Bart.

And Mr. Almon also moved, that the thanks of the Hall might be given to Robert Jones, Esq; who had been chairman of the committee.

It is not a little remarkable, that the chair for the chairman had been originally placed on the steps between the Courts of Chancery and the King's Bench; but the electors not liking that situation, desired it might be placed on the steps of the Court of Common Pleas, where, they said, *General Warrants* were first condemned.

It is certain that there were at least 7000 persons present, the greatest part of whom were gentlemen of considerable property; and by two o'clock it was conjectured more than two thousand had signed.

The purport of the above petition was, to request that his Majesty would dissolve the present parliament, and call a new one as speedily as possible.

Immediately after the Surrey petition had been presented to the King on Thursday, a Right Hon. Paymaster ridiculed the petition in the Drawing-room, and enquired of a certain popular Baronet, the representative of a neighbouring borough, what were the objects of it? The latter told him, it was confined to one point, but complained of *pernicious counsellors*, adding, at the same time, that he knew best whether *he* was included in that number. The Paymaster said aloud, that a friend of his had gone to the place in Southwark, where the petition was advertised to be signed, but could see only three skins of parchment, without any other writing on them but names, and was told the petition itself was in another part of the county, so that people signed without knowing for what. The Baronet told him, his friend had misinformed him; there never had been but one skin in Southwark, and on that the petition was most certainly written. The Paymaster persisted in the charge, as he was told so by a person of credit, a friend of his. On which the Baronet told him, he had been misled, and that his friend, *whoever he was*, would not to his, the Baronet's face, assert so great a falshood; and for the Paymaster's further satisfaction, referred him to the petition just delivered in, which consisted of five skins of parchment, on each of which he might *now* see the petition entered at length. The Paymaster was silenced by this last argument, and the whole circle of auditors, who were numerous, were pleased with the spirited manner in which the Baronet resisted the rough attack of the Paymaster. It is hoped that no attempt is ever made by similar misrepresentations to impose on the royal ear, by false accounts of the conduct and sense of the people.

HALIFAX, September 21.

We hear from Le Have, that the Schooner Success, Capt. Hardie, (who sailed from this Port for Philadelphia about 15 Days since) was cast away in the Storm last Friday se'nnight, in that Harbour. The Vessel and Cargo it is thought will be saved.

ANNAPOLIS, October 19.

We hear from Frederick-Town, Frederick County, that some Waggons arrived there the 10th Inst. from Philadelphia and Baltimore-Town, in which were Two or Three Hundred Pounds Currency worth of Goods, not accompanied with proper Certificates; the Gentlemen to whom they were sent, immediately on their being unloaded, gave them up to be stored at their Risk and Cost; The Goods are stored accordingly.

BOSTON, October 16.

Mr. Nathaniel Rodgers has acceded to the Agreement of non-importation, and has accordingly delivered to the committee of inspection the goods he has imported contrary to said agreement.

NEW-YORK, October 23, 1769.

Captain Montgomery, in 6 Weeks from the Bay of Honduras, the 29th ult. in the Gulph, spoke with Capt. Samuel Hawke, in the Ship Betsey, of Philadelphia, 17 Days from the Bay, bound for Rotterdam.

PHILADELPHIA, October 26.

Gentlemen, Burlington, October 20, 1769.

BY Order of the House of Representatives, now sitting at this Place, I inclose you a Resolve, passed on the 18th Instant, as a Testimony of their Approbation of your Conduct. I am, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

CORTLAND SKINNER, *Speaker of the Assembly of New-Jersey.*

To the Committee of Merchants, Philadelphia.

New-Jersey House of Assembly, Wednesday, October 18,

Upon Motion made, Resolved, N. C. D.

THAT the Thanks of this House be given to the Merchants and Traders of this Colony, and of the Colonies of New-York and Pennsylvania, for their disinterested and public-spirited Conduct, in withholding their Importations of British Merchandize, until certain Acts of Parliament, laying Restrictions on American Commerce, for the express Purpose of raising a Revenue in America, be repealed; and that Mr. Speaker be directed to write to the respective Committees of Merchants in said Colonies, transmitting them a Copy of this Resolve,

A true Copy,

RICHARD SMITH, *Clerk of Assembly.*"

New-Castle, October 21, 1769.

Yesterday the House of ASSEMBLY of the Government of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, upon Delaware, met here, when the Honourable CÆSAR RODNEY, Esq; was chosen Speaker, and JAMES SYKES, Esq; Clerk of Assembly.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated August 5.

"*There is now a general Stagnation of Public Business. Addresses to the King, they say, are preparing in all Parts of the Kingdom, and some are sanguine enough to believe that his M-----y will lay them before the Parliament, at the Opening of the next Session. Wilkes continues quiet in the King's Bench, but his Silence is judged to be political. The Majority of the Citizens of London espouse the Cause of America very warmly, and it seems now a general Opinion, that the Acts, respecting the Colonies, will be repealed early in the Session.*"

Extract of a Letter from London, August 18.

"*We are quite barren as to News at this time, but as soon as the Parliament meets, we shall have warm Work. The American Grievances, I apprehend, will be immediately redressed.*"

Extract of a Letter from London, dated August 19.

"*I have lately been favoured with an Account of a Plan, for conciliating American Affairs, which has been laid before the Ministry, and I hear it is approved of. To the best of my Remembrance, the Act for obliging Ships from Lisbon, &c. to come to Falmouth, is to be repealed, under certain Regulations; an annual Requisition from the Provinces, in Lieu of the other Taxes; and a total Suspension, or a Repeal, of those Acts for the Purposes of a Revenue, with other conciliating Measures, are proposed.*"

Philadelphia Observatory, October 23.

IN Pursuance of the Appointment of the American Philosophical Society for promoting useful Knowledge, the Rev. Mr. Ewing, Joseph Shippen, Esq; Dr. Williamson, Messieurs Coombe, Thomson and Evans, are making the necessary Preparations in this Place for observing the Transit of Mercury over the Sun, which is to be on the 9th Day of November next, in the Afternoon. Dr. Smith, Messieurs Rittenbouse and Biddle, are also preparing to observe at Norrington, in the County of Philadelphia. The Difference of Stations may probably help them to obviate an Accident from small flying Clouds at the Instant of Contact.

Though they do not expect, from this Observation, to fix the Sun's Parallax, or the Distance of the Planets, yet it will enable them with Accuracy to fix the Longitude of the several Places of Observation, together with the Theory of the Motion of Mercury."

Captain Ashmead, from Lisbon, about 40 Leagues from our Capes, spoke with Captain Gilpin, in a Brig from this Port for St. Christophers, two Days out, all well.

Captain Massey, from St. Vincents, on the 10th Instant, in Lat. 29: 57, Long. 70: 13, spoke the Ship Spencer, from Jamaica for Bristol, 5 Weeks out; and on the 16th, about 50 Leagues from Cape-Henlopen, he spoke with Captain Wilson, in a Sloop, from this Place for St. Eustatia, two Days out, all well.

Captain Sparks, from London, on the 23d of August, in Margate-Road, spoke the Ship Juno, belonging to Boston, bound to London from Jamaica, 19th Instant, in Lat. 37, Long. 74, spoke with Captain Bennet, from Wilmington for St. Christophers, two Days out, all well.

Captain M'Culloch, from Jamaica, on the 30th ult. off the West End of Cuba, spoke the Schooner Harmony, Captain Slade, from the Musquito Shore for New-York, out 28 Days; the same Day he spoke a Sloop, Captain Finley, from Kingston for this Port, out 38 Days; there was a Ship then in Sight, which Captain Finley informed him was from the Bay, belonging to, and bound for, New-York. On the 6th Instant, about 15 Leagues to the Northward of Cape Florida, he saw a Vessel high and dry ashore, which proved to be the Snow Leadberry, Captain Loraine, from Jamaica for Bristol, loaded with Sugars, who, after being nine Weeks out, was cast away on the 29th of September, in a most violent Gale of Wind; the Vessel entirely lost, but the People, and best Part of the Cargoe, saved.

Captain Hathorn, from Bristol, on the 27th of August, in Lat. 49: 4, Long. 8: 24, spoke a Ship from South-Carolina for Leith. September 5, in Lat. 48: 25, Long. 18: 33, with the Ship Edward, from New-York for London, out 40 Days. October 3, in Lat. 40: 22, Long. 56: 51, with Captain Howard, from Maryland for Cork. And on the 6th, in Lat. 40: 27, Long. 50: 20, with the Philadelphia Packet, Captain Moore, bound to Lisbon from this Port, out 9 Days; all well.

On Friday Morning last, a Man, living at the Lake, about 25 Miles from Gloucester, in New-Jersey, most inhumanly murdered his Wife; he first discharged a Load of Buck Shot into her Shoulder, which not immediately killing her, he beat her Brains out with the Butt End of the Musket. The Report of the Gun alarming a Negroe Wench, she rushed into the Room, where she saw her Mistress wallowing in Blood, forced the Musket from her Master, then ran to the next Neighbour's House, and informed them of this dismal Affair.---On their coming to the House, they found the Woman lying as the Negroe had left her; and going to the Barn, they found the Man hanging there. 'Tis said this sad Catastrophe was occasioned by Jealousy, he having twice before attempted to shoot his Wife, and bore the Character of a desperate Man.

ARRIVALS.

At the Grenades. Captains Clark, and Guppy, from Piscataqua; Allen, from New-Haven; Cook, from Rhode-Island; Withers, from Brunswick; and Captain Fordham, from Burlington.

From Virginia. The Peggy, Shepherd, at Leith; the Patriot, Cawsey, at Bristol; and Captain Cook, at Barcelona.

From Maryland. The Elizabeth, Brown, at Cork; the Hawke, Matthews, at Dublin; and Captain Coulson, at Dover,

Captain Clarke, from New-York, is arrived at Bristol.

Deal, August 26. Remain, Captains Wylie, and Taylor, for Virginia.

*** *WANTED immediately, a few good NAILERS. Any such, who can be well recommended, will meet with Encouragement, by applying to the Managers of the House of Employment.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Nelly, C. Alexander, from North-Carolina. Sloop Mary, J. Wainright, and Sloop Success, W. Cannon, St. Eustatia. Sloop Robert, R. Joyne, Virginia. Sloop Abigail, J. Smith, Nantucket. Brig Greyhound, J. Hazelwood, and Sloop John, J. James, St. Croix. Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, and Sloop Hope, E. Bacon, Boston. Ship King George, H. Dunn, Barbados. Snow Nancy, J. Massey, St. Vincents. Sloop Polly, J. Ashmead, Lisbon. Snow Molly, J. Butler, Liverpool. Schooner Ranger, D. M'Culloch, Jamaica. Ship Severn, J. Hathorn, Bristol. Ship Mary & Elizabeth, J. Sparks, London. Schooner Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Ship Crawford, C. Smith, Cowes.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Britannia, H. Johnston, for Salem. Brig Polly and Nancy, S. Corry, and Ship Elizabeth, D. Brown, Lisbon. Brig Friends Goodwill, W. Spicer, Hull. Schooner Elizabeth, J. Laighton, Sloop Hope, E. Bacon, Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, and Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, Boston. Ship Hope, J. Robinson, Liverpool. Ship Phenix, J. Mitchell, and Ship Rose, W. Dysart, Londonderry. Schooner Duke and Dutchess, J. Holden, Virginia. Sloop Molly, W. Wasdell, and Ship Pennsylvania Packet, R. Gill, Jamaica. Ship Nancy and Sukey, W. Keais, Barcelona. Schooner Sally, W. Blythe, S. Carolina. Brig Orleans Packet, W. Moore, New-Orleans, Ship Chalkley, P. Young, Bristol. Sloop Hawke, B. Hussey, for Nantucket.

CLEARED. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, to South-Carolina. Brig Venus, W. Davis, and Brig Globe, H. Styles, Lisbon. Schooner Nancy, D. Robins, Indian River. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Ship Betsy, S. Hood, Bristol. Sloop Royal Bounty, P. Hussey, Nantucket. Sloop Esther, S. Saltus, New-Castle on Delaware. Sloop Friendship, C. Burton, Virginia. Sloop Esther, J. Frith, Bermuda. Brig James, S. Crawford, to St. Croix.

SEMPLE and BUCHANAN,

HAVE for Sale, at their Store in Front-street, near Walnut-street, A general Assortment of Merchandize. The Particulars will be in our next.

Just landed from on board the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from London, and now opening at the Golden Eagle, near the Court-House, by

NATHANIEL TWEEDY, Druggist,

AFRESH, and very large Assortment of Drugs and Medicines. Likewise a neat Assortment of Family and Patent Medicines. Also Painter's Colours, of all Kinds, of last Fall and Winter's Importation, dry, and ready ground in Oil, fit for immediate Use; together with Painter's Tools, Oils, Varnishes, &c. &c. &c.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 8th of November, at two o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Archibald M'Lean junior, in Upper Dublin township, a certain stone messuage, and tract of land, situate in said township, containing about 10 acres, and 115 perches, bounded by lands of Archibald M'Lean, junior, and others, and the great road leading from Philadelphia to North-Wales; late the estate of James Burke, and Daniel Burke, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 15th of November, at two o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of the widow Sneider, in Faulkner's Swamp, a certain messuage, and tract of land, situate in the township of Hanover, containing 5 acres, bounded by lands of George Shinar, and Christopher Whitman.

Also one other tract of land, situate in the same township, containing about 58 acres, bounded by lands of Jacob Higg, Samuel Musselman, and others; late the estate of Moses Hyman, deceased, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 16th of November, at two o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Schrack, in Providence, A certain tract of land, situate in Providence Township aforesaid, containing 7 acres and a half, or thereabouts, adjoining lands of John Schrack, John Gross, and others, having a large stone house, barn, stables, and smith's shop, erected thereon. Also a certain other tract, or parcel of land, situate in the said township, containing about 50 acres, adjoining lands of Henry Dewald, David Davis, and others, having a log house, barn and stables, erected thereon; late the estate of Jacob Schrack, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 17th of November, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A certain Plantation, or tract of land, situate in the township of Plymouth, containing about 18 acres, and 24 perches, bounded by lands of Alexander Lisle, Barnabas Coulston, John Coulston, and the great Manatawney road, having a two story stone dwelling-house, stone barn, stables, &c. erected thereon; late the estate of William Lawrence, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

For LONDONDERRY,

The SHIP

JUPITER,

JAMES MACKEY, Master;

Is now loading, and will sail with the first Flaxseed Ships. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on board, at the lower Side of Market-street Wharff, or to WILLIAM and ANDREW CALDWELL.

To be SOLD for Sixty Pounds Curreney,

A SMART likely NEGROE BOY, about 15 Years old, Duty paid, and has had the Small-pox; he can wait on a Table exceeding well. The only Reason of his being sold, is, an Order from his Master, who is now in England, not to return to America. He may be seen at Mr. DAVENPORT'S, in Third-street.

N. B. If more convenient for the Purchaser, a good Bill of Forty Pounds Sterling will be taken for him. §

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the house of the Widow Mallaby, in Front-street, in the district of Southwark, to the highest bidder, on Thursday, the 9th day of November, between the hours of 5 and 6 o' clock in the afternoon,

A *NEW brick messuage, or tenement, 2 story high, containing in front about 12 feet, by 18 feet back, with a good cellar under the same, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, being situated on the east side of Second-street, in the district of Southwark, containing in breadth or front thereon 15 feet, and in length or depth 65 feet; subject to a groundrent of £ 4: 13: 9, currency, per annum.*

And also to be sold, at the same time and place,

A frame tenement, containing in front about 14 feet and a half, by about 21 feet back, with a good cellar under the same, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, being situated on the east side of Second-street, in the district of Southwark, containing in breadth on front thereon, about 17 feet and a half, and in length or depth 65 feet; subject to a groundrent of £ 4: 13: 9 per annum, current money of Pennsylvania. Whoever inclines to purchase either of the said premises, before the day of sale, may be acquainted of the terms, by applying to the Subscriber, living in Moyamensing, or Isaac Lart, cryer.

ZACHARIAH NIEMAN.

STRAYED or STOLEN, *last night, being the 26th day of September, out of the pasture of the Subscriber, living in Pencader Hundred, and county of New-Castle, near John Akin's Tavern, a black HORSE, about 5 years old, about 13 or 14 hands high, branded with A D, on the near shoulder, paces, trots, and gallops. Whoever secures the said horse, and brings him to the owner again, or to John Akin's Tavern, shall have Four Dollars reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me*

JAMES KINKEED. †

October 23, 1769.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS *the Subscriber, in Lancaster county, near Grubb's Iron-works, sold a horse, bridle and saddle, to a man who called himself Abraham Deleney, and said he lived near Lancaster, and had a mill, which has been since found to be false, and his name is Abraham Fellman, and is a loose vagabond fellow; I do therefore promise the above reward, to any person, or persons, who takes up and secures the said Fellman; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a black complexion, had on a light cloth-coloured coat, black jacket, buckskin breeches, boots and spurs, and wore a watch; he is a Dutchman, but speaks good English.* PATRICK LENNON. §

TO BE SOLD,

A GROUNDRENT, at Nine Pounds a Year Currency, on the House now in Possession of Mr. Robert Taggart, at the Corner of Market-street and Strawberry-Alley. For Terms, apply to SAMUEL PENNOCK, next Door in Strawberry-Alley. †

October 15, 1769.

STRAYED *or stolen from the Plantation of Phineas Paxton, in Northampton Township, Bucks County, a black Horse, about 14 Hands and a Half high, a small Star in his Forehead, paces and trots, his Mane trimmed, and shod before. Whoever takes up said Horse, and secures him, so that the Owner may get him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by*

§ JOHN PERKINS.

WAS found, on the 29th of September, between the Race-Ground, and the Lower Ferry, a Hunting-saddle, with Brass Stirrups. Whoever has lost the same, and will apply to Alexander M'Cormick, who lives at Thomas M'Kean's, in East-Town Township, Chester County, prove his Property, and pay Charges, may have it again. ALEXANDER M'CORMICK. †

October 23, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in East Marlborough, Chester County, the 22d Instant, at Night, a Servant Man, named William Ferguson, born in Ireland, and lately from thence, about 20 Years of Age, middle Stature, a Down-look, fair Hair and Complexion; had on a blue Cloth Coat and Jacket, without Sleeves, olive coloured Plush Breeches, Check Shirt, old Shoes and Stockings. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him in any Goal, or brings him home, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by JOSEPH PENNOCK. †

Just published, and sold at the New Printing-Office

The POCKET-ALMANACK for the Year 1770

NOTICE is hereby given, to all perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of Robert Baker, late of Cumberland county, deceaſed, by bill, bond, or book debts, to bring them in, before the firſt of next January, to be adjuſted; otherwiſe they will be void, as the eſtate is to be ſettled amongſt the legatees, by us FRANCES BAKER, } Execut.
§ WILLIAM BAKER, }

WHEREAS, the Subſcriber, on the 17th day of January 1768, perfected a joint bond, with one Martin M'Donnald, payable to Charles Moore, for the ſum of £ 43: 19: 0, Pennſylvania currency, a debt alledged to be due, by ſaid M'Donnald, to ſaid Charles Moore, for which no conſideration whatever has been given to ſaid M'Donnald, or the Subſcriber: He therefore gives this public notice to all perſons, that they may not take any aſſignment of ſaid bond, or receive the ſame in payment of any demand, as he is determined, on his part, not to pay the ſame, unleſs compelled by a due courſe of law. JOHN ORMSBY.

Cheſter County, 21ſt of 8th Month, 1769.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the Subſcriber, in Eaſt Bradford and Goſhen townſhips, two Iriſh ſervant men, one named Lawrence Neal, aged about 24 years, has long black hair, commonly tied behind, grey eyes, about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on, when he went away, a green coat, with yellow metal buttons, a ſcarlet jacket, without ſleeves, buttons covered with the ſame, a white ſhirt, ruffled at the boſom, a half worn fur hat, black breeches, and check trowſers over them, blue and white thread ſtockings, ribbed, and calfſkin ſhoes, with yellow buckles. The other named William Noonan, aged about 26 years, with dark hair, about 5 feet 7 inches high; had on, when he went away, a brown cloth jacket, and ſtriped under ditto, with the ſtripes round the body, check ſhirt, white trowſers, a half worn wool hat, and ſtrong ſhoes. All maſters of veſſels and others, are hereby forbid to harbour or take them off at their peril. Whoever takes up the ſaid runaways, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or Five Pounds for either of them, paid by JOHN TOWNSEND, *or* JOHN HOOPES. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Weſt Pennſborough townſhip, Cumberland county, a dark bay MARE, about 11 years old, a natural trotter; and likewiſe a roan FILLEY, ſuppoſed to be about 2 years old paſt, in ſpring, a natural pacer. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.
§ ANDREW MILLER.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

THE corner HOUSE of Front, Spruce and Water ſtreets, now in the tenor of John Cameron, it being very commodious for buſineſs, having the advantage of three fronts, and now letts for 55l. per annum. Alſo, another brick houſe and lot, about a ſtone's throw from Batchelors-Hall, with a good water lot of about 83 feet, belonging to ſaid houſe. Likewiſe, a 22 feet 6 inches water lot, with a wharff run out as far as low water mark, and good ſtore houſe, now in tenor of Zachariah Neiman. Likewiſe, a piece of meadow, in good order, and well fenced in, a little below Luke Morris's Rope-walk. Alſo a Negroe man, to be hired out for a term of years, he being very handy at any kind of houſe or out of door buſineſs. For farther particluars, enquire of THOMAS PHILLIPS, at the Widow BLAIR's in Front-ſtreet, or of Mr. BENJAMIN FULLER, Merchant, in Philadelphia. §

September 30, 1769.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward, for taking up and delivering to his maſter, at Elizabeth-Town, a Negroe man ſlave, named BRITT, this country born, about 30 years of age, near 6 feet high, a well ſet fellow; or Ten Dollars will be given, if taken up and ſecured in Northampton goal, ſo that his maſter, the Subſcriber, may have him again; he was formerly the property of Nathaniel Salmon of Springfield, in the borough of Elizabeth, Eſſex county, and province of New-Jerſey, who was taken in execution by William Barnett, Sheriff of ſaid borough and county, and was ſold at public vendue, for the benefit of ſaid Salmon's creditors, unto the Subſcriber, and is ſuppoſed to be taken off by his former maſter, and gone to Lahnawanack or Wyoming, as he was ſeen, with ſaid Salmon, travelling on that road. Theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons from harbouring, entertaining, or buying ſaid Negroe, on their peril, as they may depend on being proſecuted, as the law directs (in ſuch caſes) for detaining, or keeping ſaid ſlave from his maſter's ſervice. JACAMIAH SMITH. §

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living at Juniata in Cumberland county, on the 2d day of this inſtant October, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN STOKE, about 5 feet 7 inches high, aged about 19 or 20 years, writes a good hand, ſays he can read and write Iriſh, and may pretend to be a ſchoolmaſter, has a good countenance, wears his own black hair tied behind; had on, a light coloured coat, a brown country cloth jacket, half worn buckſkin breeches, new ſhoes, and Germantown ſtockings, an old fur hat, and took with him two coarſe ſhirts, and one fine one; he came into Philadelphia about a year ago, and lived there until laſt June, and it is probable he maybe gone back to that city. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me SAMUEL HALLYDAY. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A CERTAIN meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Buckingham, Bucks county, containing 129 acres, whereof 70 or 80 acres are cleared, about 7 or 8 acres of meadow, part of which is well watered, by ſeveral never-failing ſprings; the remainder wood land, and well timbered, the whole under good fence; a conſiderable part of the land has lately been well manured with lime, which enriching manure may be had at the loweſt rate here, as there are ſeveral lime-kilns within a mile of the premiſes. There are alſo on the premiſes, a large dwelling-houſe, a well of good water near the door, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a very good large frame barn, a good ſtable, and ſtone cow-houſe; alſo a large orchard of good bearing fruit trees. For terms of ſale, apply to the Subſcriber on the premiſes. WILLIAM GILBERT. §

STOLEN out of the paſture of the Subſcriber, in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, the 2d day of October inſtant, a bright bay HORSE, 7 years old, had neither brand nor ear mark, about 14 hands high, a ſtar in his forehead, ſwitch tail, but no ſhoes on when ſtolen; was low carriaged, and paced a ſlow travel, but trotted moſt natural. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures him, that the owner may have him again, and the thief, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Eight Dollars reward, or Four Dollars reward for the horſe only, paid by EDWARD HICKS. ¶

Lancaſter Goal, October 4, 1769.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, as a runaway ſervant man, a certain Timothy Kerley, as he calls himſelf, and on his own confeſſion ſays, that he is a bound ſervant to Robert M'Gee, of Conewago, in Lancaſter county. This is to give notice to the ſaid Robert M'Gee, to come and pay his ſaid ſervant's charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for his fees, in three weeks from this date, by
§ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 10th of September laſt, an iron grey horſe, about 7 years old, a natural pacer, about 14 hands high, no brand. Likewiſe a ſmall grey mare, a natural pacer, no brand. The owners are deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. THOMAS RANICK. ¶

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Upper Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 13th of October inſtant, one Richard Benſon, a weaver by trade, and had on, when he went away, a blue jacket, with ſleeves, one brown, without ſleeves, and one green, with ſleeves, a pair of tow trowſers, new ſtockings, old ſhoes, with new buckles, and old check ſhirt; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has his hair tied behind, of a reddiſh colour, very much given to drink, and talking much when drunk. Whoever takes up the ſaid Benſon, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN M'FADEN. ¶

Lebanon October 14, 1769.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE out and ſtrayed, from a paſture near Jacob Wern's plantation, in Cocalico townſhip, Lancaſter county, two horſe creatures, viz. a likely dark bay horſe, 4 years old, 16 hands high, ſhod all round, trots and paces, has no brand, but a mark on the off ſide, of a kick of a horſe, and the hoof is ſplit of the ſame leg, with a ſhort tail. Alſo a black mare, about 10 or 11 years old, 14 hands high, a natural pacer, branded on the near buttock with P B, ſhe was lately ſhod before, has ſaddle marks on both ſides, and was lately hurt near the ſhoulder, where no hair is yet grown. Whoever brings them either to WILLIAM HENDEL at Tulpehocken, or CONRAD BUCHER at Lebanon, ſhall have the above reward, or Two Dollars for either of them. ‖

WHEREAS RACHEL HARPER, of this City, Shopkeeper, has aſſigned all her Effects, Book Debts, &c. to us, the Subſcribers, in Behalf of her Creditors; all Perſons indebted to her, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, to prevent Trouble; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt her, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, by the 30th Inſtant, otherwiſe they will be excluded their Dividend, which will be made on the Firſt of November. ALEXANDER BARTRAM, WILLIAM SEMPLE, ROBERT WILSON. ‡

RUN away, the 10th of Auguſt inſtant, at night, from the Subſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, an indented ſervant man, named William Shannon, born in the north of Ireland, about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, ſtoop ſhouldered, wants one of his upper fore teeth, has light brown hair, has a cut of a ſickle acroſs his right ankle, but is almoſt well, he has been four years in the country, and ſays he came in a freeman, if he can get liquor, he is very apt to get drunk: Had on, a light coloured country cloth coat, a Ruſſia ſheeting ſhirt, an old ſpotted flannel jacket, ſtriped trowſers, new black grained ſhoes, braſs buckles, and an old felt hat; it is thought he may have a paſs. Whoever brings him home, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Eight Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me
§ JOHN SHELLENBERG.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 26th of this inſtant October, at five o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, a certain tract or piece of woodland, ſituate in the townſhip of Moyamenſing, containing 6 acres, and 130 perches, adjoining a lane leading into Paſſyunk road, and lands of John Lownes, and Sarah Yorke. Alſo one full, equal and undivided third part of a certain tract or piece of meadow ground, ſituate by Hollanders Creek, containing about 6 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; late the eſtate of John Stille; ſeized and taken in execution, by
JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 28th of this inſtant October, at five o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, A certain ſtone meſſuage, kitchen, and plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Lower Merion townſhip, about 7 miles from Philadelphia, containing 220 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; whereon is a large and good orchard; about 12 acres thereof are good meadow, and 70 acres of woodland; adjoining lands of Jacob Coleman, John Roberts, Robert Roberts, and Richard George; late the eſtate of William Addudle deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution, by
JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, at public SALE,

On the premiſes, the 30th of this inſtant October,

THREE Eighths of Elk Forge Mills, land and ſtock, &c. a large commodious ſtone forge, with 2 hammers, and 4 fires, two coal-houſes, and carriages; a convenient large ſtone mill, with two pair of ſtones, one of which are burrs, three boulting mills, and hoiſts by water; a good ſaw mill (plenty of water) a good dwelling houſe, barn, ſtables, and a number of houſes for negroes and workmen, &c. 12 negroes, 7 of which are forgemen, ſeveral white ſervants, 3 horſe and 2 ox teams; a large ſtock of cattle, ſheep, and ſwine; about 1400 acres of land, 300 cleared, 60 or 70 of good meadow, that produces more than ſufficient of hay for the teams, and ſtock; in a pleaſant, healthy part of the country, being 9 miles from Chriſtiana Bridge, and 3 from the Head of Elk; where may be had plenty of wheat, Indian corn, and almoſt any country produce, reaſonable. All the works in good credit and order for buſineſs, &c. Being part of the eſtate of David Davis, deceaſed, and by his will ordered to be ſold by his executors. The purchaſer may have credit for a conſiderable part of the purchaſe money, on giving ſecurity, &c. The ſale to begin at 2 o' clock; where attendance and conditions will be made known, by MARY DAVIS, and JOHN ROBERTS, Execut. †

FOR LIVERPOOL,

The Ship HOPE,
JAMES ROBINSON,
MASTER;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, has Part of her Cargoe already engaged, and will ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage apply to THOMAS SAVAGE, at his Houſe near the Three-Stores, or ſaid Maſter on board.

College of Philadelphia, October 13, 1769.

DOCTOR RUSH's introductory Lecture, to his *Courſe of Chymiſtry*, will be delivered publickly, at the College, on Monday, the 30th Inſtant, at 11 o'clock in the Forenoon.

DOCT. MORGAN's Courſe of Lectures on the *Theory and Practice of Phyſic*, will begin on Monday, the 30th Inſtant, at 3 o' Clock in the Afternoon.

DOCT. BOND's Courſe of *Clinical Lectures*, will begin on Tueſday, the 31ſt Inſtant, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the *Pennſylvania Hoſpital*.

DOCT. KUHN's Courſe of *Materia Medica*, will begin on Wedneſday, the firſt of November, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

DOCT. SHIPPEN's Courſe of *Anatomy* and *Surgery*, will begin on Wedneſday, the firſt of November, at ſix o'Clock in the Evening.

Thoſe Gentlemen who propoſe to attend theſe Lectures, are deſired to call on the reſpective Profeſſors, for Tickets of Admiſſion, any Time before the Courſes commence.

ALL perſons indebted to BENJAMIN JACKSON, of this city, muſtard and chocolate maker, are deſired to pay immediately to the ſubſcribers, aſſignees; and thoſe who have any demands againſt him, are deſired to bring in their accounts by the firſt of November next, otherwiſe they will be excluded of their dividend, which will be made on the 10th following. WILLIAM NORTON, WILLIAM RUSH, WILLIAM SAVORY, WILLIAM DAWSON. ¶

Baltimore county, October 10, 1769.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on Thurſday, the 23d of November next, and may be entered on immediately, the following tracts of land, viz.

A Plantation, containing 200 acres of land, ſituate on Deer-Creek, in Baltimore county, on which is erected a compleat ſett of mills, known by the name of Milford, 27 miles from Baltimore town, 15 from Buſh River, and the ſame from Rock Run Landings, with good roads to either; from either of which places flour may be tranſported to Baltimore town, where there is a conſtant market, or to any part of Cheſapeek Bay, by water, or to Philadelphia, at 2 ſhillings and 7 pence per barrel; the land is good, and would admit of a large quantity of meadow being made on it, and in as good a wheat country perhaps as any on the continent; the mill-houſe is of ſtone, 75 feet long, and 30 wide, two ſtories high, with 2 water wheels, and two pair of ſtones going, one whereof are cullings, and all the running geers, and bed-ſtone, ready for a third pair, three boulting mills, and hoiſting geer, all go by water, and all in good repair, with an extraordinary dam, and a never failing ſtream of water, capable, in the drieſt ſeaſon, to drive both mills night and day. Alſo two dwelling houſes, cooper's ſhop, barn, ſtables, &c. with a fine bearing orchard, of choice fruit, and choice garden.

Alſo a plantation, about 3 miles from the mill aforeſaid, containing 200 acres, or thereabouts, of good land, with a good dwelling-houſe and barn, both new, with an orchard of 200 trees, beginning to bear, about 40 acres cleared, with good convenience for meadow. The whole in good repair, and the cleared land freſh; the whole lies level, eaſy cleared, and eaſy tilled.

Alſo one other plantation, within a mile of the mill aforeſaid, containing 200 acres of land, well watered and timbered, with 20 acres of choice meadow, in good order, and 20 more may be made, with good dwelling-houſes, ſtables, and barn, and other out-houſes. The whole in good repair; alſo a young orchard, containing 250 trees, with 35 acres of wheat and rye in the ground.

One other plantation, within 3 miles of the mill aforeſaid, containing 500 acres, pleaſantly ſituated on the main road leading from Buſh-town to York, and the road from the Peach Bottom and Baldfryer Ferries to Baltimore Town, croſſing the former, which renders it very ſuitable for any public buſineſs. The ſoil is very good, well timbered and watered, ſome meadow ready made, and 30 or 40 acres more may be made, and that very good, with two good dwelling-houſes, 2 large orchards, barns, ſtables, and other out-houſes, all in good repair, and chiefly new; about 150 acres cleared, and chiefly freſh, with 60 acres of wheat and rye in the ground. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes before the ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, at the mill aforeſaid. The purchaſers, on paying a part of the purchaſe money down, may have any reaſonable time for paying the greateſt part. Attendance will be given at the mill aforeſaid, on the day of ſale, by
‡ 6 w. SAMUEL ASHMEAD.

N. B. The titles to the whole are indiſputable.

SIX PLANTATIONS FOR SALE, lying ſituate in Baltimore County, Maryland, near to the Baptiſt and Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſes, between Deer-Creek and Winter's Run, about 25 Miles diſtant from Baltimore-Town, and 12 Miles from Joppa and Buſh Towns. Some of the ſaid Plantations are well improved with Buildings, Orchards, Meadow, and will be laid out to ſuit a Purchaſer, with any Quantity of Land, from 100 Acres to 500, with the Crop growing thereon. Credit may be had for Part of the Price, on giving Security. For further Particulars apply to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes.
‖ 6 W. ABRAHAM JARRETT.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

At Mr. William Marſhall's, Innholder, in the Borough of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 28th Inſtant,

A NEGROE MAN, about 27 Years old; he has been in the Country 6 Years, and has been uſed to Farming Part of that Time. Conditions of Sale will be made known at ſaid Time and Place. ¶

Lancaſter, Auguſt 16, 1769.

THE SUBSCRIBER has ſeveral times thus publickly requeſted thoſe indebted to him, to come and ſettle their Accounts; but as little regard has hitherto been paid to his advertiſements, he finds himſelf obliged once more (and certainly it will be the laſt time) to call on them, and deſire all perſons that are indebted to him, by bond, note, or book debt, to come and diſcharge their debts, on or before the firſt day of November next. Every one, therefore, who does not pay a proper regard to this notice, may depend that they will be proceeded againſt as the law directs, without reſpect to perſons.
Tbc. 10 W. JOHN CAMERON.

FOR CORK,

The SHIP
GENERAL WOLFE,
THOMAS MORRISON,
Maſter;

HAS excellent accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail by the firſt of November at furtheſt. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board at Fell's Point, or Samuel and Robert Purviance, in Baltimore town.
Maryland, October 10, 1769.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

THE SHIP ANNE,
PATRICK MILLER, Maſter;

HAS excellent accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail by the firſt of November at furtheſt. For freight or paſſage apply to the Captain on board at Fell's Point, or Samuel and Robert Purviance, in Baltimore town, Maryland.

N. B. A few indented ſervants to be ſold on board.

FOR NEWRY,

The Ship NEWRY PACKET,
JAMES MONTGOMERY,
MASTER,

Has good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and is expected to ſail with the firſt Flax-ſeed loaded Veſſels, Part of her Cargoe being already engaged. For Freight or Paſſage apply to *Samuel Fiſher, Joſeph Donaldſon*, and *John Pringle*, or ſaid Maſter on board ſaid Veſſel lying the upper Side of Market-ſtreet Wharff.

JOHN GRIFFITH intends to be at Iſrael Jacobs's, at the White Horſe in Elbow Lane, in Philadelphia, the laſt Wedneſday of this inſtant October, in order to grind Fuller's Shears; where he will have a Parcel of new Shears to ſell, which he will warrant to be good; and at which Place they may be had all the Year. ¶

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